

THE EU GREEN DEAL IS NOT SO GREEN IN PRACTICE

Dusan Soltes, Faculty of Management, Comenius University,
Bratislava, Slovakia

THE EU STRATEGIES

- THE EU HAS NEVER BEEN SHORT OF GRANDIOSE STRATEGIES INCLUDING THE LATEST ONES ON THE GREEN DEAL & REARM BUT ALL OF THEM FINALLY FAILED:
 - COMMON FOREIGN AND SECURITY POLICY
 - COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY
 - EU ENERGY UNION
 - SCHENGEN AGREEMENT
 - EURO & EUROZONE
 - E-EUROPE 2000 – 2020
 - DIGITAL EUROPE
 - GDPR
 - SANCTIONS AGAINST RUSSIA
 - REARM EUROPE FOR 800 bil. Euro?
 - GREEN DEAL

THE EU GREEN DEAL STRATEGY

- ONE OF THE LATEST AND VERY AMBITIOUS STRATEGIES HAS BEEN THE EU GREEN DEAL STRATEGY:
 - NO CLASSICAL CARS AFTER 2032
 - E-CARS AS MAIN TYPE OF VEHICLES
 - CO2 NEUTRALITY AFTER 2050
 - NO CLASSICAL SOURCES OF ENERGY
 - RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY PREFERRED
 - SPECIAL POLICIES TO SUPPORT PHOTOVOLTIC SUN PANNELS, WIND PARKS, BIOMASS, NUCLEAR ENERGY, HYDRO ENERGY

GREEN DEAL PROBLEMS IN PRACTICE

- AGRICULTURE SUFFERING FROM ENORMOUS BUREACRACY
- TOO MUCH PAPERWORK FOR FARMERS INSTEAD OF HAVING TIME FOR REAL AGRI WORK
- MASSIVE PROTESTS AND STRIKES OF FARMERS ACROSS THE ENTIRE EU
- TOO EXPENSIVE E-CARS AND PROBLEMS WITH SHORTAGE OF CHARGING STATIONS AND GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE
- TOO HEAVY BUREACRACY REGARDING INSTALLATION OF SUN PANNELS AND OTHER MEANS OF RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY
- BUT UNREGULATED AGRI PRODUCTS FROM UKRAINE, MERCOSUR, ETC.

IN CONCLUSION:

- Thank you for your attention and if you have any questions:

dusan.soltes@fm.uniba.sk